REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE WEBSTER COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable James R. Townsend, Webster County Judge/Executive
Members of the Webster County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Alexander Thompson Arnold PLLC, Certified Public Accountants, presents the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Webster County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements.

We engaged Alexander Thompson Arnold PLLC to perform the audit of these financial statements. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Alexander Thompson Arnold PLLC evaluated the Webster County's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Enclosure



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE WEBSTER COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2010

Alexander Thompson Arnold PLLC has completed the audit of the Webster County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We have issued unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Webster County, Kentucky.

In accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we have issued an unqualified opinion on the compliance requirements that are applicable to Webster County's major federal program: Emergency Watershed Protection Program (CFDA #10.923)

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had total net assets of \$15,189,130 as of June 30, 2010. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$1,594,528 as of June 30, 2010. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2010 of \$7,515,000 with \$215,000 due within the next year.

Report Comments:

2010-01 Internal Controls Over Capital Assets Should Be Strengthened
 2010-02 The Webster County Detention Center Had A Lack Of Segregation Of Duties Over Jail Commissary Accounting Functions
 2010-03 The Webster County Detention Center Should Strengthen Internal Controls Over Capital Assets Of The Jail Commissary
 2010-04 Inmate Cash Account Should Be Reconciled With The Individual Deposit By Inmate
 2010-05 Internal Controls Over Cash Disbursements In The Jail Operations Account Should Be Strengthened
 2010-06 Internal Controls Over Cash Disbursements In The Jail Commissary Account Should Be Strengthened

Deposits:

As of June 30, 2010, the fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



Certified Public Accountants

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To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable James R. Townsend, Webster County Judge/Executive
Members of the Webster County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Webster County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Webster County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Webster County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Webster County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting.

The county has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

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To the People of Kentucky Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor Lori H. Flanery, Secretary Finance and Administration Cabinet Honorable James R. Townsend, Webster County Judge/Executive Members of the Webster County Fiscal Court

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Webster County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, combining fund financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purpose of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 7, 2011, on our consideration of Webster County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

- 2010-01 Internal Controls Over Capital Assets Should Be Strengthened
- 2010-02 The Webster County Detention Center Had A Lack Of Segregation Of Duties Over Jail **Commissary Accounting Functions**
- 2010-03 The Webster County Detention Center Should Strengthen Internal Controls Over Capital Assets Of The Jail Commissary
- 2010-04 Inmate Cash Account Should Be Reconciled With The Individual Deposit By Inmate
- Internal Controls Over Cash Disbursements In The Jail Operations Account Should Be 2010-05 Strengthened
- 2010-06 Internal Controls Over Cash Disbursements In The Jail Commissary Account Should Be Strengthened

Respectfully submitted,

Alexander Thompson Arnold PLLC

alexander Thompson anold PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

WEBSTER COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

Fiscal Court Members:

James R. Townsend County Judge/Executive

Chad Townsend Magistrate
Tony Felker Magistrate
Pete O'nan Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

William Clint Prow County Attorney

Terry Elder Jailer

Valerie Franklin County Clerk

Amy Villines Circuit Court Clerk

Frankie Springfield Sheriff

Jeffrey Kelley Property Valuation Administrator

Larry Vanover Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Paula K. Guinn County Treasurer
Janice Hammack Finance Officer



WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Primary Government					
<u> </u>	Governmental	Business-Type	_			
_	Activities	Activities	Totals			
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,333,129	\$ 20,961	\$ 2,354,090			
Total Current Assets	2,333,129	20,961	2,354,090			
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated						
Depreciation						
Construction In Progress	5,480,322		5,480,322			
Land and Land Improvements	291,942		291,942			
Buildings	5,129,304		5,129,304			
Vehicles and Equipment	2,324,981	53,622	2,378,603			
Infrastructure	7,069,869		7,069,869			
Total Noncurrent Assets	20,296,418	53,622	20,350,040			
Total Assets	22,629,547	74,583	22,704,130			
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Bonds Payable	100,000		100,000			
Financing Obligations Payable	115,000		115,000			
Total Current Liabilities	215,000		215,000			
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Bonds Payable	2,140,000		2,140,000			
Financing Obligations Payable	5,160,000		5,160,000			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,300,000		7,300,000			
Total Liabilities	7,515,000		7,515,000			
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	13,504,633	53,622	13,558,255			
Restricted For:	13,50 1,055	33,022	13,330,233			
Debt Service	36,347		36,347			
Unrestricted	1,573,567	20,961	1,594,528			
Total Net Assets	15,114,547	74,583	15,189,130			



WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

			Program Revenues Received						
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities: General Government Protection to Persons and Property	\$	2,789,128 1,827,115	\$	13,192 1,847,731	\$	1,616,447 86,201	\$		
General Health and Sanitation		1,827,113		238,213		1,532,896		311,804	
Social Services		214,338		1,010		210,356		311,004	
Recreation and Culture		11,701		1,010		2,641			
Roads		1,731,719		123,004		1,656,532			
Airports		3,400		,		3,400			
Debt Service		262,042							
Total Governmental Activities		8,651,016		2,223,150		5,108,473		311,804	
Business-type Activities:									
Jail Canteen		127,512		119,503					
Total Business-type Activities		127,512		119,503					
Total Primary Government	\$	8,778,528	\$	2,342,653	\$	5,108,473	\$	311,804	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Other Taxes
In Lieu of Tax Payments
Gain on Sale of Assets
Miscellaneous Revenues
Interest Received

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

an		ges in Net A		ts
	Primar	y Governme	nt	
Governmenta	ıl Busi	iness-Type		
Activities		ctivities		Totals
11001 (1010)				10000
\$ (1,159,489	9) \$		\$	(1,159,489)
106,817	*		Ψ	106,817
271,340				271,340
(2,972				(2,972)
(9,060))			(9,060)
47,817	7			47,817
(262,042	2)			(262,042)
(1,007,589	9)			(1,007,589)
		(8,009)		(8,009)
		(8,009)		(8,009)
(1,007,589	<u>))</u>	(8,009)		(1,015,598)
596,496	5			596,496
137,526				137,526
133,331				133,331
331,483				331,483
16,757				16,757
23,825				23,825
79,972		210		79,972
52,534	<u>+</u>	310		52,844
1,371,924	1	310		1,372,234
364,335	5	(7,699)		356,636
14,750,212	2	82,282		14,832,494
\$ 15,114,547	7 \$	74,583	\$	15,189,130



WEBSTER COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

WEBSTER COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	(General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund	Go E	Local wernment conomic stance Fund	Co	Jail Expansion onstruction Fund
ASSETS		Fullu		runu		Fullu	ASSIS	stance rund		Fullu
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	534,601	\$	161,618	\$	363,837	\$	482,519	\$	723,215
Total Assets	\$	534,601	\$	161,618	\$	363,837	\$	482,519	\$	723,215
FUND BALANCES										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances	\$	1,658	\$	10,459	\$	9,361	\$	21,091	\$	470,077
Debt Service										
Unreserved:										
General Fund		532,943								
Special Revenue Funds				151,159		354,476		461,428		
Capital Projects Funds										253,138
Debt Service Funds										
Total Fund Balances	\$	534,601	\$	161,618	\$	363,837	\$	482,519	\$	723,215
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets:										
Total Fund Balances									\$	2,333,129
Amounts Reported for Governmen		ctivities in	the S	Statement						
of Net Assets are Different Becau										
Capital Assets Used in Government and therefore are not Reported			are n	ot Financi	al Re	esources				28,973,326
Accumulated Depreciation							(8,676,908)			
Long-term Debt is not Due and I	Payab	le in the C	urren	t Period ar	ıd, tl	nerefore, is	not			
Reported in the Funds.										
Financing Obligations										(5,275,000)
Bonds										(2,240,000)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activ	ities								\$	15,114,547

WEBSTER COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2010 (Continued)

]	Non- Major Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$	67,339	\$	2,333,129
\$	67,339	\$	2,333,129
\$	17,060	\$	529,706
	36,347		36,347
			532,943
	13,915		980,978
			253,138
	17		17
\$	67,339	\$	2,333,129



WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

	 General Fund	 Road Fund	Jail Fund	E	Local overnment conomic stance Func
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,293,414	\$	\$	\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments	16,757				
Excess Fees	12,244				
Licenses and Permits	9,532				1,280
Intergovernmental	2,077,558	1,544,032	1,521,501		990,285
Charges for Services	3,100		56,977		507
Miscellaneous	185,668	319,342	64,860		271,653
Interest	16,414	7,315	3,236		2,808
Total Revenues	3,614,687	 1,870,689	 1,646,574		1,266,533
EXPENDITURES					
General Government	1,535,330				
Protection to Persons and Property	336,212		1,349,225		13,500
General Health and Sanitation	873,544				753,649
Social Services					110,356
Recreation and Culture	8,423				2,641
Roads		1,991,345			112,500
Airports					3,400
Debt Service		35,364	269,765		
Capital Projects			1,877,091		
Administration	723,618	175,070	232,591		49,120
Total Expenditures	3,477,127	2,201,779	3,728,672		1,045,166
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other					
Financing Sources (Uses)	 137,560	(331,090)	(2,082,098)		221,367
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers From Other Funds		200,000	2,427,526		
Transfers To Other Funds	(679,675)	,			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(679,675)	200,000	2,427,526		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(542,115)	(131,090)	345,428		221,367
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,076,716	292,708	18,409		261,152
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 534,601	\$ 161,618	\$ 363,837	\$	482,519

WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Jail Expansion Construction Fund	Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	\$	\$ 1,293,414		
		16,757		
		12,244		
		10,812		
	764,347	6,897,723		
	174,213	234,797		
	450	841,973		
23,678	1,892	55,343		
23,678	940,902	9,363,063		
	13,000	1,548,330		
		1,698,937		
	614,190	2,241,383		
	100,000	210,356		
		11,064		
		2,103,845		
		3,400		
	201,913	507,042		
		1,877,091		
	13,696	1,194,095		
	942,799	11,395,543		
23,678	(1,897)	(2,032,480)		
	2,970	2,630,496		
(1,947,851)	(2,970)	(2,630,496)		
(1,947,851)				
(1,924,173)	(1,897)	(2,032,480)		
2,647,388	69,236	4,365,609		
\$ 723,215	\$ 67,339	\$ 2,333,129		



WEBSTER COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

WEBSTER COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

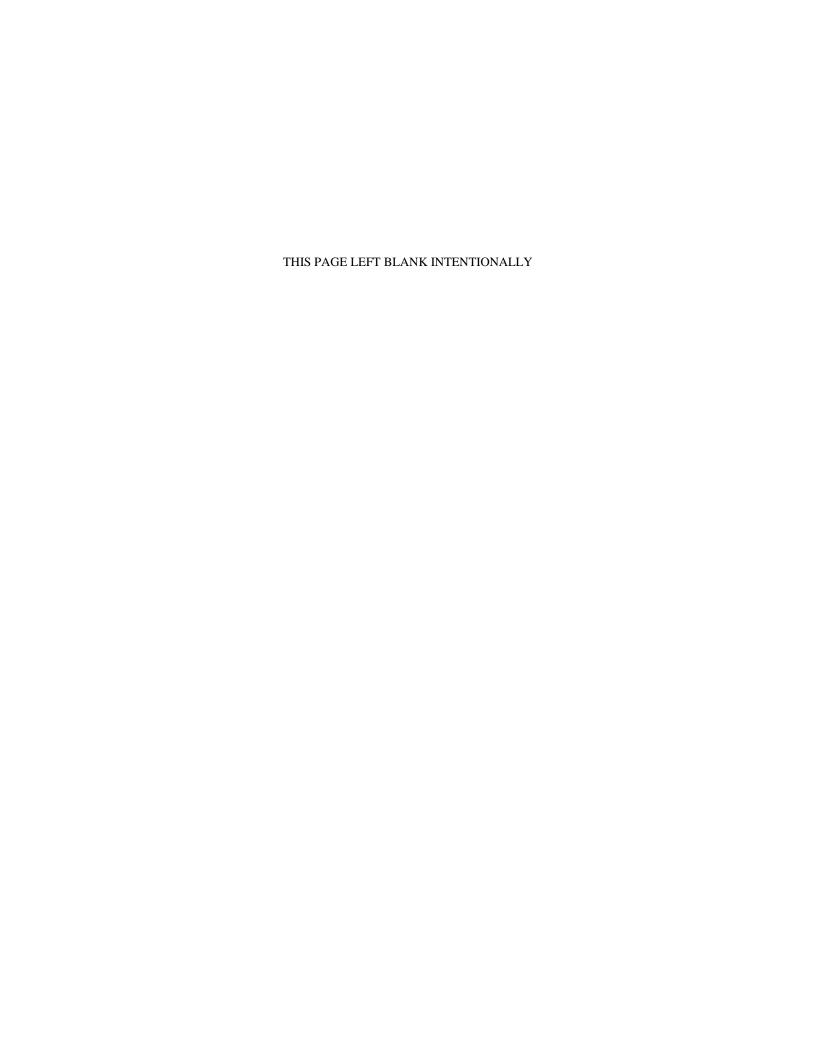
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(2,032,480)			
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of					
Activities are Different Because Governmental Funds Report					
1					
Capital Outlays as Expenditures. However, in the Statement of					
Activities the Cost of those Assets are Allocated Over their					
Estimated UsefulLives and Reported as Depreciation Expense.					
Capital Outlay		3,524,176			
Depreciation Expense		(961,280)			
Assets Disposed Of, Net Book Value		(411,081)			
The Issuance of Long-Term Debt (e.g. Bonds, Financing Obligations) Provides					
Current Financial Resources To Governmental Funds, While Repayment of Principal					
on Long-Term Debt Consumes the Current Financial Resources of Governmental					
Funds. These Transactions, however, have No Effect on Net Assets.					
Financing Obligations Principal Payments		150,000			
Bond Principal Payments		95,000			
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	364,335			
-					



WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Ac Ent	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
	_	Jail anteen Fund		
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	20,961		
Total Current Assets		20,961		
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation				
Vehicles and Equipment		53,622		
Total Noncurrent Assets		53,622		
Total Assets		74,583		
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt		53,622		
Unrestricted		20,961		
Total Net Assets	\$	74,583		



WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
	Jail Canteen Fund		
Operating Revenues			
Canteen Receipts	\$ 119,503		
Total Operating Revenues	119,503		
Operating Expenses Cost of Sales Educational and Recreational	100,291 4,800		
Shop Expenses	8,084		
Depreciation	13,511		
Total Operating Expenses	126,686		
Operating Income (Loss)	(7,183)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest Income	310		
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	(826)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues			
(Expenses)	(516)		
Change In Net Assets	(7,699)		
Total Net Assets - Beginning	82,282		
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 74,583		



WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Ac	iness-Type etivities - terprise Fund
		Jail Canteen Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash Receipts from Customers for Sales	\$	119,503
Cash Payments to Vendors for Supplies		(113,175)
Net Cash Provided by		
Operating Activities		6,328
Cash Flows From Capital and		
Related Financing Activities		
Purchase of Capital Assets		(19,480)
Net Cash (Used) Provided by		
Capital and Related Financing		
Activities		(19,480)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest Earned		310
Net Cash Provided by		
Investing Activities		310
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash		
Equivalents		(12,842)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1		33,803
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30	\$	20,961
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(7,183)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used)		
by Operating Activities		
Depreciation Expense		13,511
Net Cash Provided By Operating		
Activities By operating	\$	6,328



WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2010

WEBSTER COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2010

	Agency Fund Inmate Account		
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,849	
Total Assets		6,849	
Liabilities			
Amounts Held In Custody For Others		6,849	
Total Liabilities	\$	6,849	

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WEBSTER COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets, and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Webster County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes no organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government.

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organizations provide their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. These organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Webster County Public Properties Corporation

The Board of Directors of the Webster County Public Properties Corporation is the Webster County Fiscal Court. The Corporation was created solely for the benefit of the Fiscal Court per KRS 58.180 to act as an agent in the acquisition and financing of any public project and cannot be sued in its own name without recourse to Webster County Fiscal Court. The Fiscal Court has access to the Corporation's resources and is legally obligated to finance the debts of or provide financial support to the Corporation. The Corporation is financially accountable to the Fiscal Court. This component unit is blended within the financial statements of the County as the Debt Service Fund.

C. Webster County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Webster County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities, and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These officials are not part of the Webster County reporting entity.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods and services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: l) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government and payments from other counties for housing prisoners. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund – The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grants received from the Department for Local Government for specific line items and coal severance.

Jail Expansion Construction Fund – The primary purpose of this fund is to account of the construction costs of the Webster County Jail Expansion.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: State Grants Fund, Sanitation Fund, Sanitation Replacement Reserve Fund, and Public Properties Bond Fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, State Grants Fund, and Sanitation Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Fund:

The Jail Expansion Construction Fund is presented as a Capital Projects Fund and is used to account for construction costs for the Webster County Jail Expansion.

Debt Service Fund:

The Public Properties Bond Fund and the Sanitation Replacement Reserve Fund are presented as debt service funds. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The county's agency fund is used to account for monies held for custodial purposes only. Unlike other funds, the agency fund reports assets and liabilities only; therefore, it has no measurement focus.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds (Continued)

The primary government reports the following fiduciary fund:

Jail Inmate Fund - This fund accounts for monies received for inmates and held until inmate use.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Capi	talization	Useful Life		
	Th	reshold	(Years)		
	-				
Land Improvements	\$	5,000	10-60		
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	5,000	10-75		
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	3-25		
Vehicles	\$	5,000	3-25		
Infrastructure	\$	5,000	10-50		

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes, and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer. The State Local Finance Officer does not require formal budgets to be adopted for the Jail Canteen Fund.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Joint Ventures

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. Based upon these criteria, the following are considered to be joint ventures of the Webster County Fiscal Court:

Tri-County Recycling - The Webster County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court) has retained an ongoing financial responsibility to Tri-County Recycling. Tri-County Recycling is a joint venture between the Fiscal Court, Union County, Henderson County and the City of Henderson to provide recycling opportunities for each county. Each participant on a pro-rata basis pays the costs associated with Tri-County Recycling. During the fiscal year 2010, the Fiscal Court paid Tri-County Recycling \$14,767.

West Kentucky Regional Industrial Authority - The Webster County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court), McLean County, the City of Henderson, and the City of Henderson Water and Sewer Commission belong to the West Kentucky Regional Industrial Authority. Each has agreed to supplement the City of Henderson Water and Sewer Commission's debt service on the Water and Wastewater Treatment Facility in southern Henderson County on an equal basis should the excess revenues generated by the facility be less than the amount necessary to fund the debt service required for the related facility. The Fiscal Court incurred no expense for the fiscal year 2010.

Regional Economic Development Corporation - The Webster County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court) has retained an ongoing financial interest in the Regional Economic Development Corporation (REDC). The REDC is a joint venture between the Fiscal Court and McLean, Union, and Henderson County Fiscal Courts for the purpose of promoting economic development activities in such counties.

Note 2. Deposits

The County maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial Credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2010, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral agreement.

Note 3. Interfund Transactions

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2010.

Governmental Activities	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Net
General Fund	\$	\$ 679,675	\$ (679,675)
Road Fund	200,000		200,000
Jail Fund	2,427,526		2,427,526
Jail Expansion Construction Fund		1,947,851	(1,947,851)
Sanitation Fund	2,970		2,970
Sanitation Replacement Reserve Fund		2,970	(2,970)
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,630,496	\$ 2,630,496	\$

Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Primary Government:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
C'ALA ANAR' B				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	Ф. 200.041	Ф	Ф	Φ 200.041
Land	\$ 208,841	\$	\$	\$ 208,841
Construction In Progress	3,529,234	1,951,088		5,480,322
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	3,738,075	1,951,088		5,689,163
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	175,395	12,931		188,326
Buildings	6,947,828	25,208		6,973,036
Vehicles	2,152,163	716,847	(444,700)	2,424,310
Equipment	2,274,075	169,374	(78,960)	2,364,489
Infrastructure	10,685,274	648,728	, , ,	11,334,002
Total Capital Assets Being		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Depreciated	22,234,735	1,573,088	(523,660)	23,284,163
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Land Improvements	(93,271)	(11,954)		(105,225)
Buildings	(1,704,352)	(139,380)		(1,843,732)
Vehicles	(1,044,375)	(286,937)	96,990	(1,234,322)
Equipment	(1,065,750)	(179,338)	15,592	(1,229,496)
Infrastructure	(3,920,462)	(343,671)		(4,264,133)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(7,828,210)	(961,280)	112,582	(8,676,908)
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated, Net	14,406,525	611,808	(411,078)	14,607,255
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$ 18,144,600	\$ 2,562,896	\$ (411,078)	\$ 20,296,418

Note 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	eginning Balance	Ir	icreases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities:						
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:						
Vehicles	\$ 54,516	\$	16,700	\$	(12,115)	\$ 59,101
Equipment	19,400		14,480		(6,400)	27,480
Total Capital Assets Being						
Depreciated	73,916		31,180		(18,515)	86,581
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Vehicles Equipment	(19,268) (6,169)		(10,562) (2,949)		4,447 1,542	(25,383) (7,576)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(25,437)		(13,511)		5,989	(32,959)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	48,479		17,669		(12,526)	53,622
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 48,479	\$	17,669	\$	(12,526)	\$ 53,622

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 119,703
Protection to Persons and Property	172,350
General Health and Sanitation	134,664
Social Services	3,982
Recreation and Culture	636
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	529,945
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 961,280
Business-Type Activities Jail Canteen	\$ 13,511
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 13,511

Note 5. Long-term Debt

A. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Judicial Center Project), Series 2002

The Webster County Public Properties Corporation (Corporation), an agency and instrumentality of the Fiscal Court, issued First Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Judicial Center Project), Series 2002; dated July 1, 2002 and payable in 23 annual installments beginning February 1, 2003, with the semi-annual interest payments at rates ranging from 2.15% to 5.00%.

The Corporation, the County, and the State Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) have entered into a lease agreement, dated July 1, 2002, wherein the AOC shall lease from the Corporation, the Project and the Project Site, in which a rental amount will be assigned by the Corporation to the Bond Trustee. The annual rental is expected to be adequate to pay 100% of the net debt service on the Bonds. The maximum use allowance is \$208,610 per year. The AOC has the option to renew the lease each July 1 of each even numbered year.

Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	Principal	Interest				
2011	\$	100,000	\$	103,303			
2012		105,000		99,452			
2013		105,000		95,305			
2014		110,000		91,053			
2015		115,000		86,488			
2016-2020		665,000		351,638			
2021-2025		845,000		177,903			
2026		195,000		9,750			
Totals	\$	2,240,000	\$	1,014,892			

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. Webster County Detention Center Expansion

On February 14, 2008, the Webster County Fiscal Court entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) for funding of the construction and expansion of the Webster County Detention Center. The principal amount of \$5,500,000 will be repaid in 360 monthly payments with interest at 3.809%.

Future principal and interest requirements are:

	Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended				_			
June 30	F	Principal	Interest				
		_		_			
2011	\$	115,000	\$	215,315			
2012		120,000		210,880			
2013		125,000		205,611			
2014		130,000		200,434			
2015		135,000		165,019			
2016-2020		750,000		885,891			
2021-2025		910,000		719,691			
2026-2030		1,085,000		517,830			
2031-2035		1,305,000		275,379			
2036-2037	600,000			30,757			
		_		_			
Totals	\$	5,275,000	\$	3,426,807			

C. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Bonds	\$ 2,335,000	\$	\$ (95,000)	\$ 2,240,000	\$ 100,000
Financing Obligations	5,425,000		(150,000)	5,275,000	115,000
Governmental Activities					
Long-term Liabilities	\$7,760,000	\$	\$ (245,000)	\$7,515,000	\$ 215,000

Note 6. Interest On Long-term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$155,129 in interest on financing obligations and \$106,913 in interest on bonds.

Note 7. Commitments and Contingencies

A. <u>Industrial Revenue Bonds</u>

The Webster County Fiscal Court has adopted ordinances approving the issuance of Industrial Revenue Bonds. Such Bond issues do not constitute a general debt, liability, or moral obligation of Webster County. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include any assets or liabilities related to the issuance of these bond issues.

B. Solid Waste Interlocal Agreement

Webster County entered into an interlocal agreement with Union and Henderson Counties and Cities of Henderson and Corydon establishing a Solid Waste Recycling Facility and Program for these areas. All parties have agreed to fund the operational expense of this organization. The county is responsible for 19.50% of the Solid Waste Recycling Facility and Program operating expenses. Expenses incurred under this agreement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, were \$14,767.

C. Interlocal Tri-County New Water and Wastewater Treatment Facility

The County of Webster entered into an interlocal agreement with the Counties of Henderson and McLean, the City of Henderson, and the City of Henderson Water and Sewer Commission, to which the local governments agree to supplement the City of Henderson Water and Sewer Commission's debt service on the Water and Wastewater Treatment Facility in southern Henderson County on an equal basis should the excess revenues generated by the facility be less than the amount necessary to fund the debt service required for the related facility. The County had no expenses related to this agreement for fiscal year ended 2010.

D. West Kentucky Regional Industrial Development Authority - Kenergy Loan Guarantee

Webster County in conjunction with Henderson, Union and McLean Counties issued an ordinance which guarantees a portion of the \$450,000, zero-interest rural development loan to Kenergy from the West Kentucky Regional Industrial Development Authority to assist in promoting development of the 4 Star Industrial Park. Webster County authorized a guarantee of \$150,000. Henderson County also guaranteed \$150,000 and Union and McLean Counties each guaranteed \$75,000.

E. Regional Economic Development Corporation

The Webster County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court) has retained an ongoing financial interest in the Regional Economic Development Corporation (REDC). The REDC is a joint venture between the Fiscal Court and McLean, Union, and Henderson County Fiscal Courts for the purpose of promoting economic development activities in such counties.

Note 8. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 16.16 percent.

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 9 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 32.97 percent.

The county's contribution for FY 2008 was \$299,025; FY 2009 was \$262,292; and FY 2010 was \$322,711.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 9. Deferred Compensation

In March, 1990, the Webster County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school, and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 105 Sea Hero Road, Suite 1, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 10. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, Webster County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 11. Estimated Infrastructure Historical Cost

Historical cost of infrastructure placed in service prior to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 (year of GASB 34 implementation) is an estimate. For those assets, the primary government estimated the year infrastructure was built by determining when a major reconstruction had been done on infrastructure. The estimate was used to calculate the infrastructure historical cost by determining current year construction cost and deflating it back to the estimated year of construction or reconstruction. Infrastructure placed in service during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 and thereafter is recorded at historical cost.

WEBSTER COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

WEBSTER COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

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		32,12,	TIET CI (E	
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,206,918	\$ 1,206,918	\$ 1,293,414	\$ 86,496
In Lieu Tax Payments	20,990	20,990	16,757	(4,233)
Excess Fees	13,493	13,493	12,244	(1,249)
Licenses and Permits	9,529	9,529	9,532	3
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,377,667	1,377,667	2,077,558	699,891
Charges for Services	3,080	3,080	3,100	20
Miscellaneous	12,568	12,568	185,668	173,100
Interest	33,231	33,231	16,414	(16,817)
Total Revenues	2,677,476	2,677,476	3,614,687	937,211
EXPENDITURES General Government	1,540,848	1,646,248	1,535,330	110,918
Protection to Persons and Property	522,174	430,474	336,212	94,262
General Health and Sanitation	125,562	900,662	873,544	27,118
Recreation and Culture	2,900	8,600	8,423	177
Administration	803,748	809,248	723,618	85,630
Total Expenditures	2,995,232	3,795,232	3,477,127	318,105
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(317,756)	(1,117,756)	137,560	1,255,316
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers To Other Funds	(250,265)	(250,265)	(679,675)	(429,410)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(250,265)	(250,265)	(679,675)	(429,410)
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(568,021)	(1,368,021)	(542,115)	825,906
Fund Balance - Beginning	568,021	2,168,021	1,076,716	(1,091,305)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	\$ 800,000	\$ 534,601	\$ (265,399)

WEBSTER COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND							
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES		- <u>8 </u>						
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,049,758	\$	1,049,758	\$	1,544,032	\$	494,274
Miscellaneous		324,534		324,534		319,342		(5,192)
Interest		14,672		14,672		7,315		(7,357)
Total Revenues		1,388,964		1,388,964		1,870,689		481,725
EXPENDITURES								
Roads		1,329,256		1,992,856		1,991,345		1,511
Debt Service		29,671		35,871		35,364		507
Administration		183,191		176,291		175,070		1,221
Total Expenditures		1,542,118		2,205,018		2,201,779		3,239
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(153,154)		(816,054)		(331,090)		484,964
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds						200,000		200,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						200,000		200,000
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(153,154)		(816,054)		(131,090)		684,964
Fund Balance - Beginning		153,154		1,479,054		292,708		(1,186,346)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$	663,000	\$	161,618	\$	(501,382)

WEBSTER COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND							
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	2,268,395	\$	2,268,395	\$	1,521,501	\$	(746,894)
Charges for Services		58,626		58,626		56,977		(1,649)
Miscellaneous		54,111		54,111		64,860		10,749
Interest		2,509		2,509		3,236		727
Total Revenues		2,383,641		2,383,641		1,646,574		(737,067)
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		1,932,533		1,947,333		1,349,225		598,108
Debt Service		314,045		339,645		269,765		69,880
Capital Projects		2,807,550		2,770,850		1,877,091		893,759
Administration		407,328		403,628		232,591		171,037
Total Expenditures		5,461,456		5,461,456		3,728,672		1,732,784
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,077,815)		(3,077,815)		(2,082,098)		995,717
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		3,057,815		3,057,815		2,427,526		(630,289)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,057,815		3,057,815		2,427,526		(630,289)
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(20,000)		(20,000)		345,428		365,428
Fund Balance - Beginning		20,000		20,000		18,409		(1,591)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$		\$	363,837	\$	363,837

WEBSTER COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Licenses and Permits	\$	962	\$	962	\$	1,280	\$	318
Intergovernmental Revenue		768,445		768,445		990,285		221,840
Charges for Services		131		131		507		376
Miscellaneous		156,942		156,942		271,653		114,711
Interest		5,160		5,160		2,808		(2,352)
Total Revenues		931,640		931,640		1,266,533		334,893
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		13,500		13,500		13,500		
General Health and Sanitation		542,948		755,148		753,649		1,499
Social Services		144,696		111,196		110,356		840
Recreation and Culture		2,750		2,750		2,641		109
Roads		161,444		161,444		112,500		48,944
Airports		1,700		3,400		3,400		
Debt Service		10,500						
Administration		54,102		49,302		49,120		182
Total Expenditures		931,640		1,096,740		1,045,166		51,574
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)				(165,100)		221,367		386,467
Net Changes in Fund Balances				(165,100)		221,367		386,467
Fund Balances - Beginning	-			331,100		261,152		(69,948)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$	166,000	\$	482,519	\$	316,519

WEBSTER COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2010

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.



WEBSTER COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2010

WEBSTER COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2010

	(State Grants Fund	 nitation Fund	Rep	nitation lacement Reserve Fund	Prop Be	iblic perties ond und	No Gove	Total n-Major ernmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	17,060	\$ 13,915	\$	36,347	\$	17	\$	67,339
Total Assets		17,060	 13,915		36,347		17		67,339
FUND BALANCES									
Reserved: Encumbrances		17,060							17,060
Debt Service Funds		17,000			36,347				36,347
Unreserved: Special Revenue Funds			13,915						13,915
Debt Service Funds							17		17
Total Fund Balances	\$	17,060	\$ 13,915	\$	36,347	\$	17	\$	67,339



WEBSTER COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

WEBSTER COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

				Sanitation
	State			Replacement
	Grants	Sanitation	CDBG	Reserve
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 460,434		\$ 100,000	
Charges for Services	Ψ +00,+5+	174,213	φ 100,000	
Miscellaneous		450		
Interest	998	219		675
Total Revenues	461,432	174,882	100,000	675
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	13,000			
General Health and Sanitation	453,842	160,348		
Social Services			100,000	
Debt Service				
Administration		11,696	-	
Total Expenditures	466,842	172,044	100,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(5,410)	2,838		675
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		• • • •		
Transfers From Other Funds		2,970		(2.070)
Transfers To Other Funds		2.070		(2,970)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,970		(2,970)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,410)	5,808		(2,295)
Fund Balances - Beginning	22,470	8,107		38,642
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 17,060	\$ 13,915	\$	\$ 36,347

WEBSTER COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Public Properties Bond Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$ 203,913	\$ 764,347 174,213
203,913	450 1,892 940,902
	13,000
201,913	614,190 100,000 201,913
2,000 203,913	13,696 942,799
	(1,897)
	2,970 (2,970)
17 \$ 17	(1,897) 69,236 \$ 67,339



WEBSTER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

WEBSTER COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Other Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Federal Grantor Program Title Grant Name (CFDA #)	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
Department of Agriculture Emergency Watershed Protection Program (CFDA #10.923)*	N/A	\$ 585,198
Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed Through the Kentucky Department for Local Government Community Development Block Grant/State's Program (CFDA #14.228)	08-057	100,000
Department of Justice Recovery Act - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program/Grants To Units of Local Government (CFDA 16.804) - ARRA	Grant N/A	22,106
Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through the Green River Area Development District Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part B Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers (CFDA #93.044)	N/A	29,525
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C Nutrition Services (CFDA #93.045)	N/A	20,399
Special Programs for the Aging, Title III, Part C Nutrition Services (CFDA #93.045) Total Department of Health and Human Services	N/A	3,758 53,682
Department of Homeland Security Passed Through the Kentucky Department of Military Affairs Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) (CFDA #97.036)	1818	20,555
Passed Through Kentucky Homeland Security Emergency Management Performance Grants (CFDA #97.042)	N/A	15,149
Homeland Security Grant Program (CFDA #97.067) Total Department of Homeland Security	9066-P02-094	8,396 44,100
Total Cash Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 805,086

* Tested as a major program.

WEBSTER COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Webster County, Kentucky and is presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments</u>, and Non-Profit Organizations.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



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Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable James R. Townsend, Webster County Judge/Executive Members of the Webster County Fiscal Court

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Webster County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 7, 2011. Webster County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Webster County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Webster County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Webster County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2010-01, 2010-02, 2010-03, 2010-04, 2010-05, and 2010-06 to be material weaknesses.

> Dyersburg, TN Fulton, KY Henderson, TN Jackson, TN Martin, TN

McKenzie, TN Milan, TN Murray, KY Paris, TN Trenton, TN Union City, TN Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Webster County Fiscal Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

The Webster County Judge/Executive's responses and the Webster County Jailer's responses to the findings identified in our audit are included in the schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit their responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Webster County Fiscal Court, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Alexander Thompson Arnold PLLC Certified Public Accountants

alexander Thompson anold PLLC

March 7, 2011

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133



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Report On Compliance With Requirements
That Could Have A Direct And Material Effect On Each Major Program
And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable James R. Townsend, Webster County Judge/Executive Members of the Webster County Fiscal Court

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Webster County, Kentucky, with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. Webster County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Webster County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Webster County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Webster County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Webster County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Webster County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Report On Compliance With Requirements
That Could Have A Direct And Material Effect On Each Major Program
And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133
(Continued)

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Webster County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Webster County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Webster County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Webster County Fiscal Court, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Alexander Thompson Arnold PLLC

alexander Thompson anold PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

March 7, 2011

WEBSTER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

WEBSTER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Webster County.
- 2. Six material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Webster County were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses relating to the audit of the major federal awards program are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the audit of the major federal awards program for Webster County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There are no audit findings relative to the major federal awards program for Webster County.
- 7. The program tested as a major program was: Emergency Watershed Protection Program (CFDA #10.923)
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Webster County was determined to be a high-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

2009-01 Internal Controls Over Capital Assets Should Be Strengthened

Review of internal control procedures, along with audit testing, revealed significant deficiencies in internal controls over the capital asset listing/depreciation schedule.

Strong internal controls over capital assets include maintaining accurate records of the depreciation taken currently as well as the accumulated amounts.

Because of this, we recommend the County strengthen its internal control procedures over capital assets, specifically maintenance of the depreciation schedule. We recommend that you consider commercially available fixed asset software for this purpose.

In order to strengthen the county's internal controls over capital assets and infrastructure, we recommend the county establish a detailed inventory system. This system should include a detailed description of the asset, an inventory control number or serial number, the date acquired, location, date destroyed or sold as surplus, and a brief description of why the asset was discarded. The inventory of county assets should be updated throughout the year as new assets are purchased. It should also be updated as to annual depreciation and accumulated depreciation amounts and current year disposals. We also recommend the county conduct a physical inspection of the county's assets at the end of each year to make comparisons to the county's list of inventoried assets. This inventory should be maintained at historical cost.

County Judge/Executive James Townsend's Response: The County is looking into a fixed asset program. Inventory is updated and reviewed annually.

WEBSTER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

<u>INTERNAL CONTROL</u> - <u>MATERIAL WEAKNESS</u>: (Continued)

2010-02 The Webster County Detention Center Had A Lack Of Segregation Of Duties Over Jail Commissary Accounting Functions

During a review of jail operations, we noted a lack of segregation of duties over the jail operations accounting functions and jail commissary accounting functions which is a material weakness. The administrative assistant collected receipts for inmate fees, prepared deposits, made deposits, prepared monthly reports, remitted monthly reports and inmate fees to the county treasurer and reconciled the commissary bank account. There were no compensating controls noted to offset this lack of segregation of duties.

Segregation of duties over the collection of receipts, deposit preparation, bank reconciliations, and other accounting functions or the implementation of compensating controls, when needed because the number of staff is limited, is essential for providing protection from asset misappropriation and/or inaccurate financial reporting. Additionally, proper segregation of duties protects employees in the normal course of performing their daily responsibilities.

To adequately prevent the misappropriation of assets, we recommend the Jailer separate the duties of collecting receipts, deposit preparation, bank reconciliations, and other accounting functions. If these duties cannot be separated due to a limited staff, then strong oversight should be provided to the employee or employees responsible for these duties.

County Jailer Terry Elder's Response: We are now having 1 person collecting while another prepares the deposit. Also the bank reconciliation is verified by 2 people and checked off on by the jailer.

2010-03 The Webster County Detention Center Should Strengthen Internal Controls Over Capital Assets Of The Jail Commissary

Review of internal control procedures, along with audit testing, revealed material weaknesses in internal controls over capital assets owned by the Jail Commissary Fund in that no depreciation schedule is maintained.

A list of capital assets as well as the current and accumulated depreciation on those assets should be maintained to support the capital asset and depreciation expense amounts as well as enhance accountability for the assets.

Because of this, we recommend that the Jailer maintain a capital asset depreciation schedule for all assets reported by the Jail Commissary Fund.

County Jailer Terry Elder's Response: We are working with the County Treasurer to get this schedule maintained.

WEBSTER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS: (Continued)

2010-04 Inmate Cash Account Should Be Reconciled With The Individual Deposit Records By Inmate

While testing the bank accounts and the individual deposit records by inmate, it was noted that the jail was not reconciling the two amounts against each other which is a significant deficiency. The cash maintained in the Jail Inmate bank account is money held in trust by the County and should match to the detail deposit records by inmate.

Strong internal controls over inmate funds are essential to protect assets from misappropriation or fraud. Strong internal controls also facilitate accurate financial reporting as well as protect employees during the normal course of their duties.

Because of this, we recommend the Jailer reconcile the Jail Inmate bank account with the detailed deposit records by inmate. The implementation of such controls will not only help protect the assets held in trust for the inmates, but also will protect the County from any perceived misappropriation.

County Jailer Terry Elder's Response: We plan to work with our software company to get this issue resolved.

2010-05 Internal Controls Over Cash Disbursements In The Jail Operations Account Should Be Strengthened

While testing bank reconciliations in the jail operations account we noted that the bank reconciliations maintained on the account consisted of an auxiliary record in excel of bank activity and the bank reconciliation did not agree with the activity of the bank account maintained in the jail operations software.

The amount of the discrepancies were immaterial and are likely timing issues in the recording of transactions. However, the cash balances should be reconciled precisely.

Because of this, we recommend the Jailer institute changes in the accounting system to ensure precise bank reconciliations are prepared each month. We believe that additional training on the software used for the jail operation may help resolve this.

County Jailer Terry Elder's Response: We have training scheduled for April 20-21 with our software company.

WEBSTER COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESS: (Continued)

2010-06 Internal Controls Over Cash Disbursements In The Jail Commissary Account Should Be Strengthened

We noted that beginning in September 2009, checks on the commissary bank account only bear one signature, usually that of the fiscal officer.

Lack of dual signatures coupled with other deficiencies in internal control could result in misappropriations of cash.

Because of this, we recommend the Jailer re-institute the policy of dual signatures on all checks.

County Jailer Terry Elder's Response: Dual signatures are now in place.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAM AUDIT

None.

D. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

None.

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

WEBSTER COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

WEBSTER COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The Webster County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Standards

James R. Townsend County Judge/Executive

Paula K. Guinn County Treasurer